TRUE OR FALSE QUESTIONS (correct answer is in bold)

1. Tuberculosis germs attack only the lungs. (True/False)
2. Catching colds causes tuberculosis. (True/False)
3. The body does not kill TB germs, it walls them up and thus prevents their spread. (True/False)
4. You can inherit tuberculosis. (True/False)
5. Tuberculin skin testing (Mantoux) is done to identify persons who have had the TB germ enter their body. (True/False)
6. Tuberculin is made from dead TB germs and cannot cause tuberculosis. (True/False)
7. A negative Mantoux rules out TB. (True/False)
8. The best time for diagnosis of TB is before symptoms show. (True/False)
9. Some people have a calcified spot on the lungs showing that they have once overcome TB germs. (True/False)
10. Early symptoms of tuberculosis are fatigue, loss of appetite and weight loss. (True/False)
11. The TB germ dies after a few minutes outside the human body. (True/False)
12. One attack of tuberculosis gives lifelong immunity. (True/False)
13. Covering one's mouth when coughing reduces the risk of spreading infectious organisms. (True/False)
14. TB germs are killed by half an hour in the sun. (True/False)
15. BCG is a vaccine for TB. (True/False)
16. Pasteurization kills TB germs. (True/False)
17. TB should be suspected in persons with unexplained chronic cough, fevers and night sweats. (True/False)
18. A person who has had BCG never gets tuberculosis. (True/False)
19. TB is usually spread from sharing air for prolonged periods with an infectious person. (True/False)
20. Once infected a healthy person has a 10% lifetime risk of developing active disease. (True/False)
21. Keys to control of TB are Identification, Isolation and Treatment. (True/False)
22. Wearing a well-fitting mask is necessary when caring for a patient with active disease. (True/False)
23. Most TB can be effectively treated with drugs as long as they are taken as prescribed. (True/False)
24. Handwashing removes germs picked up at work. (True/False)
25. Hands should be washed before and after putting on gloves. (True/False)
26. You do not need to wash hands after blowing or wiping your nose since viruses are airborne. (True/False)
27. Hands should always be washed with antiseptic soap in a hospital. (True/False)
28. When using antiseptic soap a quick wash will do since the soap continues to work for long periods. (True/False)
29. Uniforms should be worn directly to work and directly home with no wayside stops. (True/False)
30. When booking off work, you should outline the nature of your illness. (True/False)
31. If you come to work when you are unwell, you are endangering the lives of patients and co-workers. (True/False)
32. Wearing gloves eliminates the need to wash hands. (True/False)
33. Protection should be worn whenever there is a danger of splash of body fluids. (True/False)
34. Handwashing is the most preventative method to prevent the spread of infection. (True/False)
35. There is a vaccine available for Hepatitis A. (True/False)
36. After washing hands and rinsing well, turn off taps with your hands. (True/False)
37. Disinfection kills all organisms. (True/False)
38. Carriers are always known. (True/False)
39. Articles cannot be disinfected or sterilized unless they are clean first. (True/False)
40. A positive culture always means infection. (True/False)
41. A positive culture should always be treated. (True/False)
42. Taps should be turned off with a dry paper towel to avoid re-contamination of hands. (True/False)
43. Most sharps injuries are as a result of carelessness in handling or in disposal. (True/False)
44. Hepatitis B virus is more infectious than Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV). (True/False)

MULTIPLE CHOICE (correct answer is in bold)

Circle all correct answers:

1. Which of the following diseases are preventable by immunization?
   a) Diphtheria
   b) Pertussis (whooping cough)
   c) Tetanus (lock jaw)
   d) Polio
   e) Chickenpox
   f) Mumps
   g) Rubella (German measles)

   Correct answers: a, b, c, d, e, f, g
2. How often should an adult have a Diphtheria/Tetanus booster?
   a) every year   d) every 10 years
   b) every 3 years   e) for dog bites only
   c) every 5 years

3. You should contact your health department if you have been exposed to which of the following diseases or incidents?
   a) Hepatitis   c) food poisoning
   b) animal bites   d) sunburn

4. You should not visit patients in a hospital if you have:
   a) fever   c) diabetes
   b) sore throat – runny nose   d) nausea, vomiting or diarrhea
   c) cough, shortness of breath

5. Modern day medical therapy of Tuberculosis (TB) includes:
   a) treatment at home   c) treatment in a TB sanatorium
   b) treatment in a local hospital   d) return to daily activities with long term treatment

6. To protect yourself from most communicable diseases you should wash your hands:
   a) after changing diapers   c) after using the bathroom
   b) before eating   d) before preparing food