Survey of Infection Control Activities and Resources in Canadian Acute Care Hospitals

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Introduction and Instructions

Hospital services are organized in different ways across Canada. In some jurisdictions individual hospitals are independent corporations, whereas in others hospitals are collectively owned as part of a larger regional health authority, board or network of hospitals. For the purposes of this survey all hospitals that exist as unique standalone physical facilities have received this survey. Please fill in this survey for the facility indicated on the attached cover letter even if that facility is owned and/or operated as part of a larger regional health authority, board or network of hospitals. Please answer all questions reflecting your infection control program for the 2005 calendar year or the 2005 fiscal year. Please be consistent throughout the questionnaire.

Part A: Contact Information:

1. Please indicate the name and pos	ition of the person completing this survey:
Name:	
Title/Position:	
Name of Acute Health Care Facility	y/Facilities described in this survey:
Address:	
City:	Province:
Telephone:	-
Fax:	
Email:	

Part B: Hospital Characteristics:

1. Please indicate number of acute care beds and basinettes in your hospital facility.
Total Acute Care Beds
2. Please indicate the number of admissions to your hospital for 2005.
Number of admissions
3. Please provide the number of any and all (colonized and infected) new nosocomial cases of the following for 2005 in your hospital.
a) MRSA
b) VRE
c) C. difficile

Part C: Human Resources for Infection Control

1. Please indicate the number and type of professional staff (infection control practitioners [ICPs]) who have direct responsibility for the infection control program in your facility. Support staff such as secretaries and physicians will be listed elsewhere

Hours per week	Professional	Cumulative years of	Certified by
worked for			Certification
Infection		Infection	Board of
Control Program at		Control	Infection Control
your facility			(CBIC)
			□ Yes □ No
			□ Yes □ No
			□ Yes □ No
			□ Yes □ No
			☐ Yes ☐ No
			☐ Yes ☐ No
			□ Yes □ No
			☐ Yes ☐ No
	Infection Control Program at	worked for category (nurse, technologist, etc) Control Program at	worked for category (nurse, Infection Control Program at category (nurse, technologist, etc) Infection Control

epidemiologist o who provides ser	e the number of physician and microbiologist) formally in rvice to your Infection Contractor Committee.	nvolved in your Infection	on Control Program
the infection con		# of MDs	# of PhDs
_	an and PhD time provided to ng on the Infection Control C		Program that is in hours/week
	e the qualifications and train control program that is in ac	_	-
MDs/PhDs	Infectious Disease	Doctoral level	Has formal training
providing	Specialist / Medical	Epidemiologist or	in Infection Control
service	Microbiologist or related	Microbiologist	
	medical subspecialties		
□ MD □ PhD	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No
□ MD □ PhD	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No
□ MD □ PhD	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No
□ MD □ PhD	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No
□ MD □ PhD	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No
control program	umber of hours per week of s at your facility. lance/Case Finding of Infec	hours per week (plea	
infection, tabular	lid your hospital systematica te and analyze this data on th o known as "surveillance")?	ne occurrence of infecti	
jeur mennej (une	• 11110 Will u s		7.0
-	of infections are written in yes of infection (ie numerator	- ·	
		Yes \square	No 🗆
3. Did your facil	ity use a written set of defini	tions for determining t	he presence of a
nosocomial infection in 2005? Yes \square No \square			

4. Did your facility's reports on infections provide specific statisti following:	cs on a	any of the	
a) Infections occurring on individual wards, nursing units, or servi pediatrics, surgery etc)	ices (eg Yes		ne, No 🗌
b) Infections following specific operations or surgical procedures.	Yes		No 🗆
c) Infections involving particular anatomical sites or medical deviation pneumonia, central line)	ses (eg Yes		ract, No □
d) Infections involving particular pathogens/ or resistant organism	s?		
	Yes		No 🗆
e) MRSA	Yes		No 🗆
f) VRE	Yes		No 🗆
g) C. difficile	Yes		No 🗆
5. Do you calculate surgical wound infection rates?	Yes		No 🗆
6. If YES to question 6, were the surgical wound infection rates roto:	outinel	y commur	nicated
a. each surgeon	Yes		No 🗆
b. to the Chief of Surgery Service	Yes		No 🗆
7. Did you calculate and analyze separately surgical wound infects	ions fc	ollowing "	clean"
surgical procedures	Yes		No 🗆
8. How often were the tabulations and reports of infection surveill analyzed by the infection control practitioners, infection control practitioners (place an "x" in only one box indicating your facility's	hysicia	an/PhD or	
daily or weekly \square every 2 weeks \square monthly \square			
every 2 to 6 months \square yearly \square rarely or never \square			
9. Did you have access to a microbiology laboratory service that p	rovide	ed daily re	ports
on cultures?	Yes		No \square

10. Was the Infection Control program able to get surveillance co	ultures perforn	ned for the
purposes of "screening" or evaluating a possible outbreak?	Yes	No 🗆
11. Did the infection control practitioner(s) use a computer for th	e purposes of	tabulating
infection data and preparing reports of infections?	Yes \square	No 🗆
12. Did your infection control program use statistical or specializ software to calculate infection rates and other analyses of the data		ontrol
	Yes \square	No 🗆
13. In 2005 how often were the methods listed below used specificases of nosocomial infection for the purpose of generating report (please mark X in the appropriate box for each case finding methods).	rts of rates of i	

Case Finding Method	Daily or Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Less than Quarterly
Medical records provided number of infections discovered through their chart abstraction				
Charts of discharged patients reviewed by infection control staff				
Hospitalized patients and their charts/kardex/or patient profiles reviewed by infection control staff for clues to possible infection				
Charts/kardex/or patient profiles of hospitalized patients reviewed by infection control staff for clues to possible infection				
Microbiology reports reviewed by infection control staff as a cue to further investigation				
Infection control report forms are filled out by ward staff and sent to infection control staff				
Infection control staff contact physicians or nurses for reports of new infections				
Discharged patients or their physicians contacted regularly to identify cases of infection after discharge				

Part E: Control Activities

1. In 2005 did you have a program for teaching and updating nursi	ing and ancillar	y staff
on current infection control practices?	Yes \square	No 🗆
2. In 2005 did you have a program for teaching and updating medi	ical staff on cur	rent
infection control practices?	Yes \square	No 🗆
3. Did you keep attendance records of teaching activities?	Yes \square	No 🗆
4. Did you regularly monitor the effectiveness of your teaching ac learners filling out evaluation forms of the teaching, quizzes or tes	` •	
	Yes \square	No 🗆
5. Were any of the following communicated routinely to the nursing patient care staff regarding infection control?	ng, medical, and	d other
a. Summaries of the hospital's infection surveillance data and rate	s for 2005?	
	Yes	No 🗆
b. Articles, newsletters or other information on infection control?	Yes \square	No 🗆
6. Does the infection control committee or staff, have either of the	following auth	orities:
a. direct authority to close a ward or unit to further admissions due	e to an infection	control
outbreak (eg. due to influenza, MRSA etc)	Yes \square	No 🗆
b. direct authority to have a patient placed in isolation to prevent s	pread of an infe	ection
	Yes \square	No \square

7. Are any of the following publications available in your hospital infection control staff or others?	for reference b	y the
a) Infection Control & Hospital Epidemiology (ICHE Journal)	Yes \square	No 🗆
b) American Journal of Infection Control (AJIC Journal)	Yes \square	No 🗆
c) Benenson: Communicable Diseases in Man (APHA)	Yes \square	No 🗆
d) The Red Book: American Academy of Pediatrics	Yes	No 🗆
e) Morbidity Mortality Weekly reports (MMWR Journal)	Yes \square	No 🗆
f) Canadian Communicable Diseases Reports (CCDR Journal)	Yes	No 🗆
g) Journal of Hospital Infection	Yes \square	No 🗆
h) World Wide Web Access at the hospital (WWW)	Yes \square	No 🗆
i) At least 1 major textbook on Infection Control (Mayhall, Benne Wenzel)	ett & Brachman Yes 🗌	, or No □
j) Access to MedLine or other medical literature abstraction service computer or a librarian	ce either throug Yes \Box	h a No 🗌
k) A complete set of the current Health Canada Guidelines on pre infections in acute hospitals.	venting nosoco Yes	mial No 🗆
12 T		

8. For each of the infection control policies listed please answer each of the questions listed to the right. These policies may exist in areas other than infection control manual (eg nursing practices manual etc).

Infection Control Policy	Is this a policy in your hospital?	Is this a written policy?	Did IC staff participate in formulating or approving it?	Is there a system to teach this policy to patient care staff?	Is there a system to monitor adherence to this policy?
Isolation precautions for patients with MRSA	☐ Yes	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes
	☐ No	☐ No	□ No	□ No	☐ No
Isolation precautions for patients with Clostridium difficile associated diarrhea	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes
	☐ No	□ No	□ No	□ No	☐ No
Isolation precautions for patients with VRE	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes
	☐ No	□ No	□ No	□ No	□ No
Insertion, maintenance and changing of IV's, tubing & solutions	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	□ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ☐ No
Routine system for changing breathing circuits on ventilated patients	☐ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	☐ Yes
	☐ No	□ No	□ No	□ No	☐ No
The indications, drug choices, timing and duration of perioperative antibiotics	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes
	□ No	□ No	□ No	□ No	□ No
Aseptic insertion and maintenance of closed drainage of foley catheters	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes
	□ No	□ No	□ No	□ No	□ No
Respiratory precautions for tuberculosis and other airborne infections	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes	□ Yes
	□ No	□ No	□ No	□ No	□ No

Part F Comments:

infection control services in <u>your hospital</u> and please offer recommendations for dealing with these issues?
Obstacle 1.
What solution(s) would you recommend for Obstacle 1?
Obstacle 2
What solution(s) would you recommend for Obstacle 2?
Obstacle 3
What solution(s) would you recommend for Obstacle 3?

2. In order of importance, please list up to 3 major obstacles to providing optimal infection control services in <u>Canadian acute care hospitals in general</u> and please offer recommendations for dealing with these issues?
Obstacle 1
What solution(s) would you recommend for Obstacle 1?
Obstacle 2
What solution(s) would you recommend for Obstacle 2?
Obstacle 3.
What solution(s) would you recommend for Obstacle 3?

Thank you for taking the time to complete this survey. Please place it in the enclosed postage paid envelope and mail it back to us right away.